

## Assignment 4: Numerical solution of boundary value problems

**Due: 4 September 2002, by 5:00 pm**

In this assignment you will be solving the second order nonlinear ODE

$$y'' - 2yy' = x \quad (1)$$

subject to the boundary conditions  $y(0) = 1$  and  $y(1) = -1$ . Use  $N = 20$  points to discretize this boundary value problem for all of the questions in this assignment.

### Problem 1

Write the boundary value problem in the form

$$\frac{d\mathbf{y}}{dx} = \mathbf{f}(x, \mathbf{y}), \quad (2)$$

where

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y \\ y' \end{pmatrix}, \quad (3)$$

and determine the form of  $\mathbf{f}(x, \mathbf{y})$  and the boundary conditions  $\mathbf{y}(0)$  and  $\mathbf{y}(1)$ . Leave question marks where you do not know the conditions a-priori.

### Problem 2

Write an Octave function called “guess” that shoots from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 1$  with the Euler predictor-corrector method with starting values  $y_1(0) = y_{10}$  and  $y_2(0) = y_{2g}$ , where  $y_{10}$  is the initial value of  $y_1(0)$ , and  $y_{2g}$  is the guessed value of  $y_2(0)$ . When you shoot from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 1$  with a guessed value of  $y_{2g}$ , in general, you will not obtain the correct value of  $y_1(1) = -1$ , which is specified as a boundary condition, but rather, you will obtain a guessed value, which we will call  $y_{1g}$ . Your Octave function should take as its inputs the starting values of  $y_1(0)$  and  $y_2(0)$ , as well as the boundary condition  $y_1(1) = -1$ , and it should return the result of the shooting method  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  as well as the error in computing the value of  $y_1(1)$ . Your function should be used in the form

```
>> [E,y1,y2]=guess(x,y10,y2g,y11);
```

where  $x = [0 : dx : 1]$  is the discretized grid with  $dx = 1/(N - 1)$  and  $N$  is the number of grid points,  $y_{10}$  is the given value of  $y_1(0)$ ,  $y_{2g}$  is the guessed value of  $y_2(0)$ , and  $y_{11}$  is the desired value  $y_1(1)$ . The returned values  $y1$  and  $y2$  are the solutions of  $y_1(x) = y(x)$  and  $y_2(x) = y'(x)$  obtained with the shooting method, and  $E = y_{1g} - y_{11}$  is the error resulting

from the guess of the boundary value  $y_1(1)$ . Using  $N = 20$  points, plot the result  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  when the shooting method is used with a guessed value of  $y_{2g} = 0$ , and determine the value of  $y_{1g}$ .

Hint: Download the following code to help you with the implementation of the guess function:

<http://fluid.stanford.edu/~fringer/courses/uwc/downloads/assign4prob2.m>

### Problem 3

Using your guess function from Problem 2, plot the error  $E$  in the estimation of  $y_1(1)$  as a function of the initial guessed values of  $y_{2g} = -2.5, -2.25, -2, -1.75, -1.5, -1.25$ , and  $-1$ .

### Problem 4

Use the two points in the plot of Problem 3 that bracket the root where  $E = 0$  to approximate the correct value of  $y_{2g}$  with the secant method. Using this value as the starting value for  $y_{2g}$  in the guess function, obtain and plot the approximate solution of the boundary value problem  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  as functions of  $x$ .

### Extra credit (can be done instead of Problems 3 and 4)

Obtain the value of  $y_{2g}$  using the secant method with starting values of  $s_1 = 1.0$  and  $s_2 = 0.5$  (see Lecture 9 for details) and continue to iterate until  $E(s) < 10^{-7}$ . Using this converged value as the starting value for  $y_{2g}$  in the guess function, obtain and plot the approximate solution of the boundary value problem  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  as functions of  $x$ .